

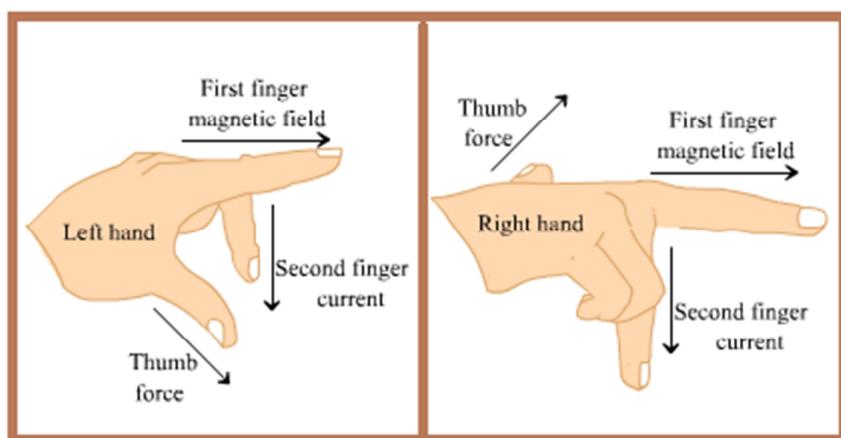
## BASIC ELECTRICAL FORMULAS

Determine:	Single-Phase	Three-Phase	Direct Current
KVA	$\frac{I \times E}{1000}$	$\frac{I \times E \times 1.73}{1000}$	
Kilowatts	$\frac{I \times E \times P}{1000}$	$\frac{I \times E \times 1.73 \times PF}{1000}$	$\frac{I \times E}{1000}$
Horsepower	$\frac{I \times E \times \%EFF \times PF}{746}$	$\frac{I \times E \times 1.732 \times \%EFF \times PF}{746}$	$\frac{I \times E \times \%EFF}{746}$
Amperes (with HP)	$\frac{HP \times 746}{E \times \%EFF \times PF}$	$\frac{HP \times 746}{1.73 \times E \times \%EFF \times PF}$	$\frac{HP \times 746}{E \times \%EFF}$
Amperes (with kW)	$\frac{Kw \times 1000}{E \times PF}$	$\frac{Kw \times 1000}{1.73 \times E \times PF}$	$\frac{Kw \times 1000}{E}$
Amperes (with KVA)	$\frac{KVA \times 1000}{E}$	$\frac{KVA \times 1000}{1.73 \times E}$	

## OHMS LAW FORMULAS

Ohms Law Formulas				
Known Values	Resistance (R)	Current (I)	Voltage (V)	Power (P)
Current & Resistance	---	---	$V = I \times R$	$P = I^2 \times R$
Voltage & Current	$R = \frac{V}{I}$	---	---	$P = V \times I$
Power & Current	$R = \frac{P}{I^2}$	---	$V = \frac{P}{I}$	---
Voltage & Resistance	---	$I = \frac{V}{R}$	---	$P = \frac{V^2}{R}$
Power & Resistance	---	$I = \sqrt{\frac{P}{R}}$	$V = \sqrt{P \times R}$	---
Voltage & Power	$R = \frac{V^2}{P}$	$I = \frac{P}{V}$	---	---

## RIGHT HAND & LEFT HAND FORMULAS



## BASIC FORMULAS

Voltage	Volt	V or E	Unit of Electrical Potential $V = I \times R$
Current	Ampere	I or i	Unit of Electrical Current $I = V \div R$
Resistance	Ohm	R or $\Omega$	Unit of DC Resistance $R = V \div I$
Conductance	Siemen	G or $\mathfrak{S}$	Reciprocal of Resistance $G = 1 \div R$
Capacitance	Farad	C	Unit of Capacitance $C = Q \div V$
Charge	Coulomb	Q	Unit of Electrical Charge $Q = C \times V$
Inductance	Henry	L or H	Unit of Inductance $V_L = -L(dI/dt)$
Power	Watts	W	Unit of Power $P = V \times I$
Impedance	Ohm	Z	Unit of AC Resistance $Z^2 = R^2 + X^2$
Frequency	Hertz	Hz	Unit of Frequency $f = 1 \div T$